

Exam : CPACC

**Title : Certified Professional in
Accessibility Core
Competencies**

Version : DEMO

1. Pencil grips, graph paper, mind mapping software, and highlighting pens are ALL examples of assistive devices that can aid students with which type of disability?

- A. Hearing
- B. Learning
- C. Mobility
- D. Speech

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.ldatschool.ca/assistive-technology/>

2. According to Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) 2.0, when focus cannot be moved away from a web component using only a keyboard, this is known as a

- A. keyboard tab.
- B. keyboard trap.
- C. locked focus
- D. sticky key.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://help.siteimprove.com/support/solutions/articles/80000448116-what-are-keyboard-traps->

3. For persons using a wheelchair due to paraplegia, what could be added to the individual's work computer to support a fundamental health-related need?

- A. Adjustable monitor, with height and angle adjustment
- B. Periodic alerts for pressure relief
- C. Periodic alerts for vision breaks
- D. Slide-out keyboard with height adjustment

Answer: B

Explanation:

For persons using a wheelchair due to paraplegia, periodic alerts for pressure relief could be added to the individual's work computer to support a fundamental health-related need. Pressure relief alerts can remind the user to shift their position, reducing the risk of pressure sores and promoting overall health.

4. When adequate clearance is provided, which is the MOST commonly built practice incorporated in the design of a kiosk (e.g., ATM/Cash Machine) that benefits wheelchair users?

- A. A frontal approach
- B. A sideways approach
- C. An adjustable height
- D. An elevated approach

Answer: A

Explanation:

When adequate clearance is provided, the MOST commonly built practice incorporated in the design of a kiosk (e.g., ATM/Cash Machine) that benefits wheelchair users is a frontal approach. This approach allows wheelchair users to directly face the kiosk, making it easier for them to reach and interact with the

controls.

5.Which example BEST illustrates the principle of equitable use within the Universal Design framework?

- A. Curb cuts
- B. Document feeders
- C. Headwands
- D. Public bathrooms

Answer: A